

Conflict of Interest Policy

Purpose

The purpose of the conflict of interest policy is to protect the tax-exempt interest of the Allentown School District Foundation (formerly known as the Foundation for Allentown City Schools) when it is contemplating entering into a transaction or arrangement that might benefit the private interest of an officer or director of the Foundation. This policy is intended to supplement but not replace any applicable state laws governing conflicts of interest applicable to nonprofit and charitable Foundations.

Definitions

- 1. Interested person any director, or member of a committee with governing board delegated powers who has a direct or indirect financial interest, as defined below, is an interested person.
- 2. Financial interest A person has a financial interest if the person has, directly or indirectly, through business, investment or family.
 - An ownership or investment interest in any entity with which the Foundation has a transaction or arrangement.
 - A compensation arrangement with the Foundation or with any entity or individual with which the Foundation has a transaction or arrangement.
 - A potential ownership or investment interest in, or compensation arrangement with, any entity or individual with which the Foundation is negotiating a transaction or arrangement.

Compensation includes direct or indirect remuneration as well as gifts of favors that are not insubstantial. A financial interest is not necessarily a conflict of interest. Under Procedures, #2, a person who has a financial interest may have a conflict of interest only if the appropriate board or committee decides that a conflict of interest exists.

Procedures

Duty to Disclose

In connection with any actual or possible conflicts of interest, an interested person must disclose the existence of his or her financial interest and must be given the opportunity to disclose all material facts to the directors and members of committees with governing board delegated powers considering the proposed transaction or arrangement.

Determining Whether a Conflict of Interest Exists

After disclosure of the financial interest and all material facts, and after any discussion with the interested person, he/she shall leave the board or committee

meeting while the determination of a conflict of interest is discussed and voted upon. The remaining board or committee members shall decide if a conflict of interest exists.

<u>Procedures for Addressing the Conflict of Interest</u>

- An interested person may make a presentation at the board or committee
 meeting, but after such presentation, he/she shall leave the meeting during the
 discussion of, and the vote on, the transaction or arrangement those results in
 the conflict of interest.
- The chairperson of the board or committee shall, if appropriate, appoint a
 disinterested person or committee to investigate alternatives to the proposed
 transaction or arrangement.
- After exercising due diligence, the board or committee shall determine whether
 the Foundation can obtain a more advantageous transaction or arrangement
 with reasonable efforts from a person or entity that would not give rise to a
 conflict of interest.
- If a more advantageous transaction or arrangement is not reasonably attainable under circumstances that would not give rise to a conflict of interest, the board or committee shall determine by a majority vote of the disinterested directors whether the transaction or arrangement is in the Foundation's best interest and for its own benefit and whether the transaction is fair and reasonable. In conformity with the above determination it shall make its decision as to whether to enter into the transaction or arrangement.

<u>Violations of the Conflict on Interest Policy</u>

- If the board or committee has reasonable cause to believe that a member has failed to disclose actual or possible conflict of interest, it shall inform the member of the basis for such belief and afford the member an opportunity to explain the alleged failure to disclose.
- If, after hearing the response of the member and making such further
 investigation as may be warranted in the circumstances, the governing board or
 committee determines the member has in fact failed to disclose an actual or
 possible conflict of interest, it shall take appropriate disciplinary and corrective
 action.

Records of Proceedings

The minutes of the board and all committee with board-delegated powers shall contain:

- The names of the persons who disclosed or otherwise were found to have a
 financial interest in connection with an actual or possible conflict of interest, the
 nature of the financial interest, or any action taken to determine whether a
 conflict of interest in fact existed.
- The names of the persons who were present for discussions and votes relating to the transaction or arrangement, the content of the discussion, including any alternatives to the proposed transaction or arrangement, and a record of any votes taken in connection therewith.

Compensation

With respect to matters involving compensation:

- A voting member of the board of directors who receives compensation, directly or indirectly, from the Foundation for services is precluded from voting on matters pertaining to that member's compensation.
- A voting member of any committee whose jurisdiction includes compensation matters and who receives compensation, directly or indirectly, from the Foundation for services is precluded from voting on matters pertaining to that member's compensation.
- No voting member of the governing board or any committee whose jurisdiction includes compensation matters and who receives compensation, directly or indirectly, from the Foundation, either individually or collectively, is prohibited from providing information to any committee regarding compensation.

Annual Statements

Each director, principal officer and member of a committee with governing boarddelegated powers shall annually sign a statement which affirms that such person:

- Has received a copy of the conflict of interest policy,
- Has read and understands the policy,
- Has agreed to comply with the policy, and
- Understands that the Foundation is a charitable organization and that in order to maintain its federal tax exemption, it must engage primarily in activities which accomplish one or more of its tax-exempt purposes.

Periodic Reviews

To ensure that the Foundation operates in a manner consistent with charitable purposes and does not engage in activities that could jeopardize the tax-exempt status periodic reviews shall be conducted. The periodic reviews shall, at a minimum, include the following subjects:

- Whether compensation arrangements and benefits are reasonable and are the result of arm's length bargaining.
- Whether partnership and joint venture arrangements and arrangements with management Foundation conform to the Foundation's written policies, are properly recorded, reflect reasonable payments for goods and services, further the charitable purposes and do not result in inurement or impermissible private benefit transaction.

Use of Outside Experts

When conducting the periodic reviews provided for above, the Foundation may, but need not, use outside advisors. If outside experts are used, their use shall not relieve the board of its responsibility for ensuring that periodic reviews are conducted.

Adopted 5/14/09



CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY ANNUAL STATEMENT

I, (Name)	,, of the (Board Member/Officer)
Allentown School District Foundation, affi	irm that I:
 School District Foundation; Read and understand the Policy; Agree to comply with the Policy; Understand that the Allentown School organization and in order to main 	of Interest Policy ("Policy") of the Allentown and hool District Foundation is a charitable tain its federal tax exemption it must engage aplish one or more of its tax-exempt purposes
Signature	Date